Transport for London

2013/2014 Crime statistics bulletin

Quarter 2 2013/14 (1 July – 30 September 2013)

### Transport for London Crime and anti-social behaviour quarterly statistics bulletin

# Quarter 2 (1 July- 30 September) 2013/14

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#### 1. Introduction

#### 1.1. Overview of Data included

This quarterly bulletin brings together crime and incident statistics from the Metropolitan Police Service (MPS), British Transport Police (BTP) and Transport for London (TfL) services during Quarter 2 (Q2) 2013/14 (July–September 2013). The bulletin focuses on the London Bus network, London Underground/Docklands Light Railway and TfL's London Overground service.

The BTP is responsible for policing the rail network in London, including the TfL managed London Underground (LU), Docklands Light Railway (DLR), London Tramlink and the London Overground (LO) services. Crime figures for the LU, DLR, London Tramlink and LO have been provided by the BTP. Crime figures for LU and DLR are reported together as these networks are policed by the same division of the BTP. The BTP only deals with crime relating to the rail and Tramlink networks.

The MPS is responsible for policing the rest of London's transport network, including the bus network. The figures reported in this bulletin for the bus network are based on official MPS figures for bus-related crime unless otherwise stated. There is no distinct category of 'bus crime' in the MPS crime recording system. Recorded crime data is extracted from the MPS system using a complex query that searches all MPS crime for transport venue codes and those that have the word bus, bus stop, bus station and transport related words somewhere in the electronic case file. For this reason, some crimes that did not occur on the bus network will be included in the figures. This is different from the BTP as all crimes dealt with by the BTP and included on their crime recording system relate directly to the rail network.

Recorded crime figures relate to crime recorded by the MPS and BTP in the quarterly period. The figures do not include crimes that have not been reported to the police or those that the police decide not to record. Crime figures reported in this bulletin are consistent with Home Office counting rules and are subject to revision in future updates. At the end of the financial year, crime and passenger journey figures contained in this report will be adjusted to reflect the most accurate and up to date data available. Some of the figures and percentage changes published in this report may change. The adjusted figures will be published in the annual statistical bulletin (See 2012/2013 Crime Statistics Bulletin for recent annual statistics – available here http://www.tfl.gov.uk/assets/downloads/corporate/crime-statistic-bulletin-2012-13.pdf)

#### 1.2. Summary of Quarterly statistics

Public transport in London continues to be a relatively safe and low crime environment. Currently, over ten million passengers travel on the TfL's public transport services each day with very few of them ever experiencing or witnessing crime.

The headline figures for Q2 include:

• The levels of pan-modal transport related crime<sup>1</sup> in Q2 2013/14 were 4.9% lower than Q2 2012/13 and the rate of crime has decreased to 8.1 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 8.5 in Q2 2012/13).

I The pan-modal transport crime figure and rate is based on the aggregate crime and passenger journey figures for the bus, LU/DLR, Tramlink and LO networks.

- The levels of bus-related crime in Q2 2013/14 were 3.2% lower than Q2 2012/13 (155 fewer offences) and the rate of crime for the bus network has fallen to 8.0 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 8.3 in Q2 2012/13).
- Crime on LU/DLR has decreased 5.5% during Q2 2013/14 (167 fewer offences) compared to Q2 2012/13 with the rate decreasing to 8.5 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 8.8 in Q2 2012/13).
- Crime on London Overground has decreased 28.6% during Q2 2013/14 (79 fewer offences) compared to Q2 2012/13 with the rate of crime falling to 5.5 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 8.6 in Q2 2012/13).
- Crime on London Tramlink has decreased 4.5% during Q2 2013/14 (four fewer offences) compared to Q2 2012/13 with the rate of crime falling to 11.1 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 11.2 in Q2 2012/13).

Despite low levels of crime across the network, increases were seen in some crime types on some modes during Q2 2013/14 compared with the same quarter last year. One category that saw an increase was sexual offences. From the beginning of 2013/14, TfL has been working closely with its policing partners – the BTP, MPS and City of London Police – to tackle sexual offences on London's public transport network through Project Guardian. The partnership project aims to increase the confidence in reporting sexual offences which occur on the London public transport system which are generally under-reported, reduce the risk of becoming a victim, challenge unwelcome sexual behaviour and target offenders. As a result, there has been an increase in the number of offences and police detections for both the bus and LU/DLR networks.

The low levels of crime have been driven by a range of initiatives undertaken by TfL in partnership with the police forces in London. TfL's significant investment in transport policing and commitment to improving safety and security has ensured the system remains a low crime environment. The Right Direction, the Mayor's three year strategy for improving transport safety and security provides more information on activities to enhance safety and security across the transport system – <a href="http://www.london.gov.uk/publication/right-direction">http://www.london.gov.uk/publication/right-direction</a>.

### 2. Quarterly crime results

Table 1 shows the number of recorded crimes and the rate of crime per million passenger journeys for Q2 2012/13 and Q2 2013/14<sup>2</sup>. The last column of the table shows the percentage change in the number of crimes between Q2 2012/13 and Q2 2013/14.

Network	Q2 20	12/13	Q2 20	3/ 4	% change
Network	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Bus	4,918	8.3	4,763	8.0	-3.2%
London Underground /Docklands Light Railway	3,037	8.8	2,870	8.5	-5.5%
London Overground	276	8.6	197	5.5	-28.6%

Table I

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Quarterly and monthly crime figures published in this bulletin are based on figures produced by the MPS and BTP at the end of each month as a snapshot of recorded crime. These figures are then aggregated to create quarterly values for this quarterly bulletin. These figures are not updated retrospectively until the end of the financial year when adjusted figures are published in the annual statistical bulletin.

London Tramlink	88	11.2	84	11.1	-4.5%
Pan-Modal	8,319	8.5	7,914	8.1	-4.9%

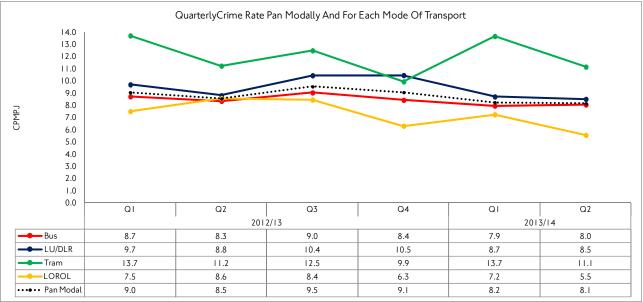
### 3. Monthly breakdown

Table 2 shows the total number of crimes for each month in Q2 2013/14. Chart 1 shows the crime rate on each mode and pan-modally since April 2011.

#### Table 2

Network	Ju	ly	Aug	ust	September		
INCLIVOIR	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	
Bus	1,629	7.9	1,571	8.6	1,563	7.6	
London Underground /Docklands Light Railway	1,018	8.6	982	9.1	870	7.8	
London Overground	81	6.5	48	4.3	68	5.8	
London Tramlink	34	12.6	28	12.8	22	8.3	
Pan-Modal	2,762	8.2	2,629	8.7	2,523	7.6	

#### Chart I



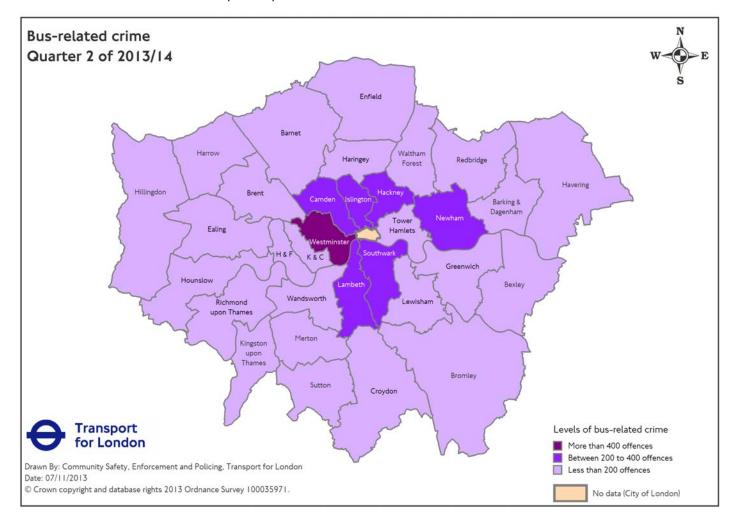
## 4. Bus-related crime levels – breakdown by major crime category

Table 3 shows the breakdown of MPS bus-related crime by the major crime categories used by the MPS for Q2 2013/14. The table includes the number of crimes, the crime rates per million passenger journeys and comparisons with Q2 2012/13.

Offence	Q2 20	12/13	Q2 20	13/14	% change
Offence	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Burglary	17	N/A	12	N/A	-29.4%
Criminal damage		Less		Less	
	402	than l	317	than l	-21.1%
Drugs		Less		Less	
	270	than l	157	than I	-41.9%
Fraud / forgery		Less		Less	
	44	than l	13	than l	-70.5%
Other notifiable		Less		Less	
offences	43	than l	40	than l	-7.0%
Robbery		Less			
	507	than l	456	1.0	-10.1%
Sexual offences		Less		Less	
	116	than l	128	than l	10.3%
Theft and					
Handling	2,256	3.8	2,492	4.2	10.5%
VAP	1,263	2.1	1,148	1.9	-9.1%
Total Offences	4,918	8.3	4,763	8.0	-3.2%

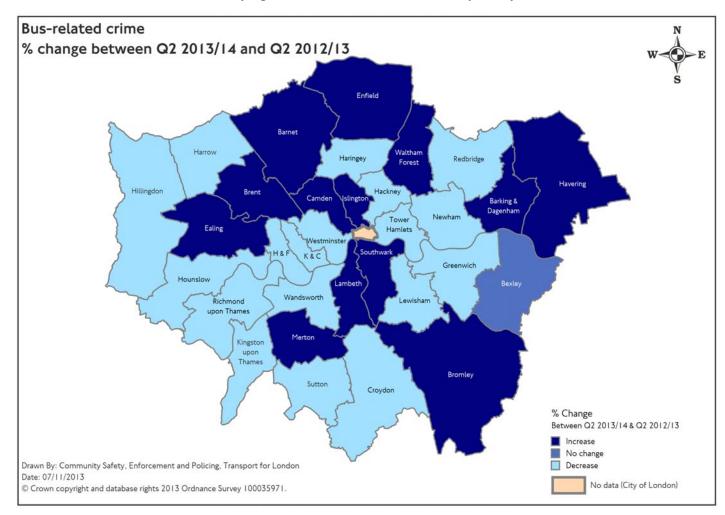
#### Map 1 – Bus-related crime volume by borough

Map I shows the breakdown of MPS bus-related crime by borough for Q2 2013/14. The darker shades of purple show the boroughs with the highest number of recorded bus-related crimes. The map has not been adjusted for passenger or population numbers. Borough bus-related crime figures are shown in Table 4. Please note that the map below does not include data for the City of London; this is policed by the City of London Police (CoLP) which is a separate police force from the MPS.



#### Map 2 – Bus-related crime change between Q2 2012/13 and Q2 2013/14 by borough

Map 2 shows the percentage change in the levels of bus-related crime between Q2 2012/13 and Q2 2013/14. The lighter blue boroughs have seen reductions in crime. The boroughs shaded in the darkest blue have seen an increase in levels of crime. Borough bus-related crime figures are shown in Table 4. It is not possible to create similar maps of BTP recorded crime. The exact location of crimes upon the rail network is unknown due to some victims identifying the offence at the end of their journey which was undertaken across more than one borough.



## Table 4 - Borough breakdown of bus-related crime for Q2 2013/14 (July–September 2013)

					Q2 20	)13/14						
	Burglary	Criminal Damage	Drugs	Fraud or Forgery	Other Notifiable Offences	Robbery	Sexual Offences	Theft and Handling	Violence Against the Person	Q2 2013/14 Total	Q2 2012/13 Total	% Change
Barking & Dagenham	0	9	3	0	2	4	2	41	22	83	78	6.4%
Barnet	1	13	7	0	0	13	4	73	37	148	124	19.4%
Bexley	1	7	2		0	3	4	19	18	55	55	0.0%
Brent	2	13	13	0		20	6	83	54	192	186	3.2%
Bromley	0	11	2	0		4	8	42	35	113	95	18.9%
Camden	1	8	1	0	2	16	3	142	46	219	207	5.8%
Croydon	0	8	4	0	0	23	4	62	54	155	161	-3.7%
Ealing	1	9	0			17	5	78	58	170	167	1.8%
Enfield	2	7	2	0	0	8	6	59	38	122	105	16.2%
Greenwich	0	12		0		7	9	37	47	114	129	-11.6%
Hackney	0	10	2	0	3	12	4	137	36	204	221	-7.7%
Hammersmith & Fulham	0	5	3	0	0	8	3	66	41	126	137	-8.0%
Haringey	0	15	2	0	2	5	6	108	29	167	171	-2.3%
Harrow	0	6	3	1	1	6	3	25	27	72	77	-6.5%
Havering	0	8	1	1	1	6	2	22	31	72	71	1.4%
Hillingdon	0	5	0	0	2	4	3	57	35	116	146	-20.5%
Hounslow	1	21	0	0	3	6	5	36	38	110	111	-0.9%
Islington	0	7	3	1	0		2	171	25	220	216	1.9%
Kensington & Chelsea	0	3	0	0	0	4	2	47	13	69	76	-9.2%
Kingston upon Thames	0	4		0	0	4	3	28	14	54	64	-15.6%
Lambeth	0	29	4	0	3	57	5	158	64	320	265	20.8%
Lewisham	0	6	2		4	29	4	69	55	170	173	-1.7%
Merton	0	8	0	0	0	8	4	42	20	82	77	6.5%
Newham	0	13	3		4	38	3	117	35	214	257	-16.7%

Continued on next page

	Burglary	Criminal Damage	Drugs	Fraud or Forgery	Other Notifiable Offences	Robbery	Sexual Offences	Theft and Handling	Violence Against the Person	Q1 2013/14 Total	Q1 2012/13 Total	
Redbridge	1	5	2	1	1	7	0	51	29	97	99	-2.0%
Richmond upon Thames	1	9	0	0	0	3	0	4	12	39	60	-35.0%
Southwark	0	23	3	0	1	49	8	169	58	311	267	16.5%
Sutton	0	3	2	0	2	2	0	21	16	46	51	-9.8%
Tower Hamlets	0	21	1	0	1	4	4	79	27	147	152	-3.3%
Waltham Forest	0	2	13	1		11	8	88	34	158	137	15.3%
Wandsworth	0	6	0	3	0	13	4	104	29	159	165	-3.6%
Westminster	1	11	77	1	3	24	4	247	71	439	618	-29.0%
Q2 2013/14 Total	12	317	157	13	40	456	128	2,492	1,148	4,763	4,918	-3.2%
Q2 2012/13 Total	17	402	270	44	43	507	116	2,256	1,263		•	
% Change	-29.4%	-21.1%	-41.9%	-70.5%	-7.0%	-10.1%	10.3%	10.5%	-9.1%			

#### 5. London Underground and Docklands Light Railway crime levels

Table 5 shows the breakdown of crime on the LU/DLR network by the major crime categories used by the BTP for Q2 2013/14. The table includes the number of crimes and the crime rates per million passenger journeys made on the LU/DLR and makes comparisons with Q2 2012/13.

Offence	Q2 20	012/13	Q2 20	013/14	% change
Offence	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Violence Against the Person	434	1.3	504	1.5	16.1%
Sexual Offences	86	Less than l	128	Less than l	48.8%
Criminal Damage	128	Less than I	146	Less than l	4. %
Line of Route	31	Less than I	26	Less than I	-16.1%
Theft of Passenger Property	629, ا	4.7	1,333	3.9	-18.2%
Motor Vehicle/Cycle Offences	4	Less than I	109	Less than I	-22.7%
Robbery	27	Less than I	26	Less than l	-3.7%
Theft of Railway Property / Burglary	62	Less than l	60	Less than l	-3.2%
Serious Public Order	217	Less than l	245	Less than l	12.9%
Serious Fraud	47	Less than I	64	Less than I	36.2%
Drugs	196	Less than l	211	Less than l	7.7%
Other Serious Offences	39	Less than l	18	Less than l	-53.8%
Total Notifiable Offences	3,037	8.8	2,870	8.5	-5.5%

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## 6. London Overground crime levels

Table 6 shows the breakdown of crime on the LO network by the major crime categories used by the BTP for Q2 2013/14. The table includes the number of crimes and the crime rates per million passenger journeys made on the London Overground and makes comparisons with Q2 2012/13.

Offence	Q2 20	012/13	Q2 20	) 3/ 4	% change
Offence	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Violence Against					
the Person	82	2.5	50	1.4	-39.0%
		Less		Less	
Sexual Offences		than l	3	than I	200.0%
		Less		Less	
Criminal Damage	3	than l	5	than I	66.7%
		Less		Less	
Line of Route		than l	0	than I	-100.0%
Theft of Passenger					
Property	65	2.0	65	1.8	0.0%
Motor					
Vehicle/Cycle	10			Less	10 501
Offences	40	1.2	23	than I	-42.5%
	_	Less		Less	
Robbery	3	than l	2	than I	-33.3%
Theft of Railway		Less	_	Less	
Property / Burglary	9	than l	5	than I	-44.4%
Serious Public				Less	
Order	34	1.1	22	than I	-35.3%
		Less		Less	
Serious Fraud	4	than l	2	than I	-50.0%
		Less		Less	
Drugs	29	than l	16	than I	-44.8%
Other Serious		Less		Less	
Offences	5	than l	4	than l	-20.0%
Total Notifiable		• •		<b>_</b> _	
Offences	276	8.6	197	5.5	-28.6%

Table 6

### 7. London Tramlink crime levels

Table 7 shows the breakdown of crime on the London Tramlink network by the major crime categories used by the BTP for Q2 2013/14. The table includes the number of crimes and makes comparisons with Q2 2012/13.

Offence	Q2 20	12/13	Q2 20	13/14	% change
Offence	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Violence Against					
the Person	17	2.2	14	1.9	-17.6%
		Less		Less	
Sexual Offences	0	than l	1	than l	+100%
Criminal Damage	12	1.5	13	1.7	+8.3%
Line of Route	9	1.1	8	1.1	-11.1%
Theft of Passenger					
Property	19	2.4	13	1.7	-31.6%
Motor					
Vehicle/Cycle		Less		Less	
Offences	1	than I	6	than l	+500%
				Less	
Robbery	11	1.4	5	than I	-54.5%
Theft of Railway		Less		Less	
Property / Burglary	1	than I		than I	0%
Serious Public		Less			
Order	7	than I	10	1.3	+42.9%
		Less		Less	
Serious Fraud	0	than I	0	than l	0%
Drugs		1.4	9	1.2	-18.2%
Other Serious		Less		Less	
Offences	0	than l	4	than l	+100%
Total Notifiable					
Offences	88	11.2	84	11.1	-4.5%

#### 8. Levels of Driver Incident Reports (DIRs) for the bus network

Table 8 shows the number of Driver Incident Reports (DIRs) relating to ASB and the rate of DIRs per million passenger journeys made on the bus network.

A DIR is a call from a driver of a London Bus to London's 24 hour bus control centre (CentreComm) via the on-bus radio system. Drivers use DIRs to request a response including an emergency response or to report an incident or issue. DIRs are made for a number of reasons including congestion, mechanical problems, passenger illness or anti-social behaviour. It is important to note that DIRs are not crimes and many relate to low level incidents that are used for intelligence purposes.

DIRs for anti-social behaviour fall broadly into five categories which are shown in the table below. Not all DIRs result in a crime and the reports range in severity from minor passenger disputes, rowdy behaviour to more serious incidents including fighting and threatening behaviour. TfL and the MPS actively encourage reporting of all incidents of an anti-social nature on the network. DIRs are a valuable source of intelligence, which is used to inform police deployment decisions and TfL's community safety activities.

ASB DIRs	Q2 20	12/13	Q2 2	% change	
ASD DIKS	DIRs	Rate	DIRs	Rate	in DIRs
Criminal Damage	963	1.6	810	1.4	-15.9%
Disturbances	5,619	9.5	4,968	8.4	-11.6%
Forgery / fraud	3,508	5.9	4,290	7.0	+22.3%
Minicab Touting	1	N/A	6	Less	
				than l	500%
Robbery /Theft and	205	Less	195	Less	
Handling		than I		than I	-4.9%
Violent Offences	398	Less	424	Less	
		than I		than I	+6.5%
Total	10,694	18.1	10,693	18.4	0.0%

#### 9. Levels of fare evasion on the bus network

The London Bus fare evasion survey changed in October 2012 from being undertaken every quarter to a continuous survey reported upon quarterly to investigate the levels of fare evasion<sup>‡</sup> on the London bus network. A representative sample of 200 driver duties on One Person Operated (OPO) routes is surveyed to enable a comprehensive coverage of London. Table 9 shows the percentage of passengers from the most recent survey, that were found to not have possession of, or have either an incorrect or invalid ticket or pass, for their current journey.

Table	9
1 4010	

Bus network	Q2 2012/13 Fare Evasion Rate Rolling 12 month average	Q2 2013/14 Fare Evasion Rate
	Rouing 12 month average	Rolling 12 month average
One Person Operated	1.0%	1.2%

### 10. Perception of safety and security

Through market research, TfL monitors people's views of different aspects of using TfL's transport system including perceptions of how safe they feel when travelling on and waiting for transport services. Table 10 shows Q1 perception results for safety and security measured through TfL's Customer Satisfaction Survey. The results are presented as a score out of 100 and should not be interpreted as the percentage of people feeling safe. The higher scores reflect more positive perceptions of safety and security. Table 14 shows two scores for each mode of transport – one score for perception of safety and security on the vehicle and the other for stations and stops.

Bus network	Q2 2012/13 score	Q2 2013/14 score	Change
On bus	88	88	N/A
At shelters / stops	84	84	N/A
LU	Q2 2012/13 score	Q2 2013/14 score	Change
On train	88	85	-3
At stations	86	84	-2
DLR	Q2 2012/13 score	Q2 2013/14 score	Change
On train	N/A	90	N/A
At stations	N/A	88	N/A
LO	Q2 2012/13 score	Q2 2013/14 score	Change
On train	86	87	+
At stations	86	87	+
Tramlink	Q2 2012/13 score	Q2 2013/14 score	Change
On tram	90	90	N/A
At stops	86	88	+2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> The survey includes ticketing irregularities that haven't resulted in fare evasion, such as non-validation of Zip cards.

### 11. Useful links

Transport for London

• <u>http://www.tfl.gov.uk</u>

Metropolitan Police Service - <u>http://www.met.police.uk</u>

- Crime figures <u>http://www.met.police.uk/crimefigures/index.php</u>
- Safer Transport Command <u>http://content.met.police.uk/Site/safertransport</u>

British Transport Police <a href="http://www.btp.police.uk/">http://www.btp.police.uk/</a>

- Crime figures <u>http://www.btp.police.uk/stats/</u>
- L Area (London Underground / Docklands Light Railway) Division http://www.btp.police.uk/pdf/LUDLR-policing-plans-web-2012-13.pdf
- London Underground Division Neighbourhood Policing Teams -<u>http://www.btp.police.uk/local\_btp\_teams/london\_underground.aspx</u>

For more information on this report please contact TfL at <u>csepcommunications@tfl.gov.uk</u>. For other general TfL enquiries please telephone +44 (0)343 222 1234, textphone: +44 (0)20 7918 3015 or use the relevant contact form of TfL's website <u>http://www.tfl.gov.uk/contact/default.aspx</u>